Fairchildes Visual Art Progression

The intention of this document is to guide adults teaching art at Fairchildes, offering them a clear development of learning from the Early years until the end of Key Stage 2.

The art scheme of work has been planned with the progression of key areas developing the learning sequence. If skills are entered into earlier through a fluid process of learning, then the process will over rule the progression. Our intention is that our learners develop their creative understanding, appreciation and skills and feel more artistic. Additionally, we are aware of the great way art can bring enjoyment and well-being and we value this as an important part of our learners' journey through Fairchildes. We also recognise the value in repetition of skills at different developmental stages and this is encouraged.

Visual Art and the EYFS

The EYFS framework is structured very differently to the national curriculum as it is organised across seven areas of learning rather than subject areas. The aim of the EFYS table below is to help adults in all phases of education at Fairchildes understand how the skills taught across EYFS develop in early education and then build towards the national curriculum subjects. The table highlights which statements from the 2020 Development Matters are prerequisite skills for visual art learning in key stage 1 and 2. It also outlines the most relevant statements related to visual art taken from the Early Learning Goals in the EYFS statutory framework and the Development Matters age ranges for Three and Four-Year-Olds (in blue) and Reception (in red).

ea Early Learning Goals related to Development Matters Document		ent
Visual Arts	3 and 4 year olds -	Examples of how to support this
	Reception -	
	will be learning to:	
Expressive Arts and Design	Explore different materials freely, to	Offer opportunities to explore scale. Suggestions: • long strips
		of wallpaper • child size boxes • different surfaces to work on
ELG: Creating with Materials		e.g., paving, floor, tabletop or easel Listen and understand what
Children at the expected level of development		children want to create before offering suggestions. Invite artists, musicians and craftspeople into the setting, to widen
		the range of ideas which children can draw on. Suggestions:
	different textures.	glue and masking tape for sticking pieces of scrap materials
- Safely use and explore a variety of materials,		onto old cardboard boxes, hammers and nails, glue guns,
tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design texture form and function:		paperclips and fasteners.
	Create closed shapes with continuous	Help children to develop their drawing and modelmaking.
- Share their creations, explaining the process	lines and begin to use these shapes to	Encourage them to develop their own creative ideas. Spend
they have used;	represent objects. Draw with increasing	sustained time alongside them. Show interest in the meanings
	complexity and detail,	children give to their drawings and models. Talk together about
		these meanings. Encourage children to draw from their
playing characters in narratives and stories.		imagination and observation. Help children to add details to
		their drawings by selecting interesting objects to draw, and by
		pointing out key features to children and discussing them. Talk
		to children about the differences between colours. Help them to explore and refine their colour mixing – for example: "How
	· · · · · ·	does blue become green?" Introduce children to the work of
	Visual Arts Expressive Arts and Design ELG: Creating with Materials Children at the expected level of development will: - Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function; - Share their creations, explaining the process	Visual Arts 3 and 4 year olds - Reception - will be learning to: Expressive Arts and Design Explore different materials freely, to develop their ideas about how to use them and what to make. Develop their own ideas and then decide which Children at the expected level of development will: Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function; Create closed shapes with continuous lines and begin to use these shapes to represent objects. Draw with increasing complexity and detail, such as representing a face with a circle

		their drawings – happiness, sadness, fear, etc.	artists from across times and cultures. Help them to notice where features of artists' work overlap with the children's, for example in details, colour, movement or line.
		Explore, use and refine a variety of artistic effects to express their ideas and feelings. Return to and build on their previous learning, refining ideas and developing their ability to represent them. Create collaboratively, sharing ideas, resources and skills.	Teach children to develop their colour-mixing techniques to enable them to match the colours they see and want to represent, with step-by-step guidance when appropriate. Provide opportunities to work together to develop and realise creative ideas. Provide children with a range of materials for children to construct with. Encourage them to think about and discuss what they want to make. Discuss problems and how they might be solved as they arise. Reflect with children on how they have achieved their aims. Teach children different techniques for joining materials, such as how to use adhesive tape and different sorts of glue. Provide a range of materials and tools and teach children to use them with care and precision. Promote independence, taking care not to introduce too many new things at once. Encourage children to notice features in the natural world. Help them to define colours, shapes, texture and smells in their own words. Discuss children's responses to what they see. Visit galleries and museums to generate inspiration and conversation about art and artists.
<u>Physical</u>	Physical Development ELG: Gross Motor Skills	Use large-muscle movements to wave flags and streamers, paint and make marks.	Encourage children to paint, chalk or make marks with water on large vertical surfaces. Suggestion: use walls as well as easels to stimulate large shoulder and arm movements. These experiences help children to 'cross the mid-line' of their bodies.
	Children at the expected level of development will: - Demonstrate strength, balance and coordination when playing;		When they draw a single line from left to right, say, they do not need to pass the paintbrush from one hand to another or have to move their whole body along.
	ELG: Fine Motor Skills Children at the expected level of development will:	Develop their small motor skills so that they can use a range of tools competently, safely and confidently. Suggested tools: pencils for drawing and writing,	Offer children activities to develop and further refine their small motor skills. Suggestions: threading and sewing, woodwork, pouring, stirring, dancing with scarves, using spray bottles, dressing and undressing dolls, planting and caring for plants, playing with small world toys, and making models with

	 Hold a pencil effectively in preparation for fluent writing – using the tripod grip in almost all cases; Use a range of small tools, including scissors, paint brushes and cutlery; 	paintbrushes, scissors, knives, forks and spoons.	junk materials, construction kits and malleable materials like clay. Regularly review the equipment for children to develop their small motor skills. Is it appropriate for the different levels of skill and confidence of children in the class? Is it challenging for the most dexterous children?
<u>Literacy</u>	 Begin to show accuracy and care when drawing. <u>ELG: Writing</u> 	Write some letters accurately	Help children to learn to form their letters accurately. First, they
	Children at the expected level of development will: - Write recognisable letters, most of which are correctly formed;		need a wide-ranging programme of physical skills development, inside and outdoors. Include large-muscle co-ordination: whole body, leg, arm and foot. This can be through climbing, swinging, messy play and parachute games, etc. Plan for small muscle co-ordination: hands and fingers. This can be through using scissors, learning to sew, eating with cutlery, using small brushes for painting and pencils for drawing. Children also need to know the language of direction ('up', 'down', 'round', 'back', etc).
<u>Maths</u>	 <u>ELG: Numerical Patterns</u> Children at the expected level of development will: - Explore and represent patterns within numbers up to 10, including evens and odds, double facts and how quantities can be distributed equally. 	Continue, copy and create repeating patterns	Make patterns with varying rules (including AB, ABB and ABBC) and objects and invite children to continue the pattern.
	ELG: The Natural World		

UTW	Children at the expected level of development will: - Explore the natural world around them, making observations and drawing pictures of animals and plants;	Explore the natural world around them	After close observation, draw pictures of the natural world, including animals and plants.
<u>PSED</u>	ELG: Managing Self Children at the expected level of development will: - Be confident to try new activities and show independence, resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge;	Select and use activities and resources, with help when needed. This helps them to achieve a goal they have chosen, or one which is suggested to them. Show resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge.	Widen the range of activities that children feel confident to take part in, outdoors and inside. Model inviting new activities that encourage children to come over and join in, such as folding paper to make animals, sewing or weaving. Provide opportunities for children to tell each other about their work and play. Help them reflect and self-evaluate their own work.

FAIRCHILDES PRIMARY SCHOOL Art Progression KS1 National Curriculum objec Work of artists	Painting
A1 study the work of a range of great artists, craft makers, illustrators and designers	P1 use a variety of tools and techniques i.e. brush sizes and types
and understand the historical and cultural development of their art forms	P2 mix and match colours to artefacts and objects
A2 evaluate and analyse creative works using the language of art, craft and design.	P3 work on different scales
	P4 experiment with tools and techniques e.g. layering, mixing
Exploring and evaluating ideas	P5 name and mix primary colours, shades and tones
E1 record and explore ideas from first hand observations	P6 create textured paint by adding material, i.e. sand or plaster
E2 ask and answer questions about starting points for their work	
E3 develop and share their ideas, try things out and make changes	Printing
E4 describe the differences and similarities between different practices and	PR1 print with a range of hard and soft materials e.g. corks, sponge, fruit
disciplines, and making links to their own work.	and vegetables
E5 think critically about their art and design work.	PR2 take simple prints i.e. mono-printing
	PR3 design and build repeating patterns and recognise pattern in the
Drawing	environment
D1 experiment with and control marks made with different media: pencils, rubbers,	PR4 create simple printing blocks for press print
crayons, pastels, felt tips, charcoal, ballpoints, chalks	PR5 experiment with overprinting motifs and colour
D2 draw lines and shapes from observations using different surfaces	
D3 invent lines and shapes in drawing	Textiles
D4 investigate tone by drawing light/dark lines, patterns and shapes	T1 choose fabrics/threads based on colour, texture and shape
D5 investigate pattern and texture by describing, naming, rubbing and copying	T2 cut and shape fabric using scissors/snips
	T3 apply shapes with glue or stitching
Digital media	T4 apply decoration using beads, buttons, feathers etc
DM1 explore ideas using digital sources i.e. internet, ipads	T5 apply colour with printing, dipping, fabric crayons
DM2 record visual information digitally	T6 create fabrics by weaving materials
DM3 use a simple graphics package to create images and effects with lines, shapes,	
colour and texture	Collage
	C1 create images from a variety of media e.g. photocopies, fabric, crepe
3D design	paper, magazines etc
3D1 manipulate malleable materials in a variety of ways i.e. rolling, joining and kneading	C2 collect, sort and group materials or different purposes in different
3D2 explore sculpture with a range of malleable media	ways/shapes, i.e. texture, colour
3D3 work safely with materials and tools	C3 arrange and glue materials to different backgrounds
3D4 experiment with constructing and joining recycled, natural and manmade materials.	C4 fold, crumple, tear and overlap papers

Work of artists	3D design
A1 explore the work of a range of great artists, architects and designers	3D1 plan, design and make models from observation or imagination.
and understand the historical and cultural development of their art forms.	3D2 develop skills in joining, extending and modelling clay.
A2 evaluate and analyse creative works using the language of art, craft and	3D3 use papier mache to create simple 3D effects
design.	3D4 experiment with constructing and joining recycled, natural and manmade materials.
Exploring ideas	3D5 create textures and patterns in malleable materials including clay.
E1 create sketch books to record their observations and use them to review	
and revisit ideas.	Painting
E2 record and explore ideas from first hand observations, experience and	P1 experiment with different effects and textures including blocking in colour
imagination and ideas for different purposes	washes, thickened paint creating textural effects, adding depth and distance.
E3 question and make thoughtful observations about starting points and	P2 create different effects and textures with paint
select ideas for use in their work, recording and annotating in sketchbooks.	P3 use language of and mix primary and secondary colours and use tints and
E4 think critically about their art and design work.	shades
	P4 Create Hot and Cold colour work
Drawing	
D1 draw for a sustained periods of time.	Printing
D2 use a sketchbook to collect and develop ideas from a range of sources	PR1 create printing blocks using relief or impressed method
D3 experiment with marks and lines with a wide range of implements e.g. charcoal, chalk, pencil, crayon, pens etc	PR2 develop print techniques i.e. mono-printing, block printing, relief or impressed method
D4 experiment with different grades of pencil to achieve varied tone	PR3 create repeating patterns
D5 create texture and pattern in drawing with a range of implements.	PR4 print with two colour overlays.
Digital media	Textiles
DM1 explore ideas using digital sources i.e. internet, ipads	T1 use a variety of techniques e.g. printing, dyeing, weaving and stitching to
DM2 record, collect and store visual information digitally	create different textural effects.
DM3 present recorded visual images using software e.g. Photostory,	T2 develop skills in stitching, cutting and joining
Powerpoint	
DM4 use a graphics package to create images and effects with lines, shapes,	Collage
colours and textures to manipulate and create images.	C1 experiment with a range of collage techniques such as tearing, overlapping
	and layering to create images and represent textures.
	C2 use collage as a means of collecting ideas and information and building up a visual vocabulary.

FAIRCHILDES PRIMARY SCHOOL Art Progression Upper KS2 Nation	nal Curriculum objectives: Children will be taught to:
Work of artists	3D design
A1 explore the work of a range of great artists, architects and designers and	3D1 shape, form, model and construct from observation and imagination
understand the historical and cultural development of their art forms.	3D2 use recycled, natural and manmade materials to create sculptures
A2 evaluate and analyse creative works using the language of art, craft and design.	3D3 plan a sculpture through drawing and other preparatory work
	3D4 develop skills in using clay including slabs, coils, slips etc.
Exploring ideas	3D5 produce patterns and textures in malleable materials.
E1 create sketch books to record their observations and use to review and revisit	
ideas.	Painting
E2 record and explore ideas from first hand observations, experience and	P1 develop a painting from a drawing.
imagination and ideas for different purposes	P2 experiment with different media and materials for painting.
E3 question and make thoughtful observations about starting points and select	P3 create imaginative work from a variety of sources e.g. observational
ideas for use in their work, recording and annotating in sketchbooks.	drawing, music, poetry.
E4 think critically about their art and design work.	P4 mix and match colours to create atmosphere and light effects
	P5 identify, mix and use primary, secondary, complimentary and
Drawing	contrasting colours.
D1 work on sustained, independent, detailed drawings.	
D2 develop close observational skills	Printing
D3 use a sketchbook to collect and develop ideas.	PR1 create printing blocks using sketchbook ideas
D4 experiment with wet or dry media to make different marks, lines, patterns,	PR2 develop techniques i.e. mono-printing, block printing,
textures and shapes within a drawing.	relief/impressed method
D5 use different techniques for different purposes i.e. shading, hatching,	PR5 experiment with overprinting motifs and colour
blending.	
D6 develop drawing using tonal contrast and mixed media.	Textiles
D7 begin to use simple perspective in their work i.e. by using single focal point on	T1 use fabrics to create 3D structures/
horizon	T2 experiment with a range of media to overlap and layer creating
D8 begin to develop an awareness of composition, scale and proportion i.e.	textures, effects and colours.
foreground, middle ground, background.	
	Collage
Digital media	C1 add collage to a printed or painted background
DM1 explore ideas using digital sources i.e. internet, ipads	C2 use a range of media to create collages
DM2 record, collect and store visual information digitally	C3 use different techniques, colours and textures when designing and
DM3 present recorded visual images using software e.g. imovie, Powerpoint	making pieces of work
DM4 use a graphics package to import or create/manipulate images.	C4 use collage as a means of extending work from initial ideas.
DM5 create digital layered images from original ideas/ sketches	