### Science Progression of skills Year 2

# National Curriculum objectives: In this unit, children will be taught to...

KS1 Working Scientifically Pupils will be taught to use the following practical scientific methods, processes and skills:

- WS1 asking simple questions and recognising that they can be answered in different ways
- WS2 observing closely, using simple equipment and measurement
- WS3 performing simple tests
- WS4 identifying and classifying
- WS5 using their observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions
- WS6 gathering, recording and communicating data and findings to help in answering questions.
- WS7 use scientific language and read and spell age-appropriate scientific vocabulary
- WS8 begin to notice patterns and relationships.

### **Living Things and their Habitats**

- LH1 explore and compare the differences between things that are living, dead, and things that have never been alive
- LH2 identify that most living things live in habitats to which they are suited
- LH3 describe how different habitats provide for the basic needs of different kinds of animals and plants, and how they depend on each other
- LH4 identify and name a variety of plants and animals in their habitats, including micro-habitats
- LH5 describe how animals obtain their food from plants and other animals
- LH6 understand a simple food chain, and identify and name different sources of food.

#### **Plants**

- P1 observe and describe how seeds and bulbs grow into mature plants
- P2 find out and describe how plants need water, light and a suitable temperature to grow and stay healthy.

## **Animals including Humans**

- AH1 notice that animals, including humans, have offspring which grow into adults
- AH2 find out about and describe the basic needs of animals, including humans, for survival (water, food and air)
- AH3 describe the importance for humans of exercise, eating the right amounts of different types of food, and hygiene.

## **Uses of Everyday Materials**

- EM1 identify and compare the suitability of a variety of everyday materials, including wood, metal, plastic, glass, brick, rock, paper and cardboard for particular uses
- EM2 find out how the shapes of solid objects made from some materials can be changed by squashing, bending, twisting and stretching.