RIGO 102

Unit 12: On va faire la fête!

National criteria

KS2 Framework objectives	KS2	Framework	objectives
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- O6.1 Understand the main points and simple opinions in a spoken story, song or passage
- O6.2 Perform to an audience
- O6.3 Understand longer and more complex phrases or sentences
- O6.4 Use spoken language confidently to initiate and sustain conversations and to tell stories
- L6.1 Read and understand the main points and some detail from a short written passage
- L6.2 Identify different text types and read short, authentic texts for enjoyment or information
- L6.3 Match sound to sentences and paragraphs
- L6.4 Write sentences on a range of topics using a model
- IU6.1 Compare attitudes towards aspects of everyday life
- IU6.2 Recognise and understand some of the differences between people
- IU6.3 Present information about an aspect of culture

QCA Scheme of work

Unit 4 Portraits

Unit 6 Ça pousse!

Unit 7 On y va

Unit 21 Le passé et le présent

Unit 23 Monter un café

Unit 24 Quoi de neuf?

National Curriculum attainment levels

AT1.2-4, AT2.2-4, AT3.2-4, AT4.3-4

Language ladder levels

Listening: Breakthrough, Grades 2–4
Reading: Breakthrough, Grades 2–4
Speaking: Breakthrough, Grades 2–4
Writing: Breakthrough, Grades 3–4

5–14 guideline strands			Levels A-D
Listening		Reading	
Listening for information and instructions	A, B, C, D	Reading for information and instructions	A, B, C, D
Listening and reacting to others	A, B, C, D	Reading aloud	A, B, C, D
Speaking		Writing	
Speaking to convey information	A, B, C, D	Writing to exchange information and ideas	A, B, C, D
Speaking and interacting with others	A, B, C, D	Writing to establish and maintain personal contact	A, B, C, D
Speaking about experiences, feelings		Writing imaginatively to entertain	A, B, C, D
and opinions	A, B, C, D		

Unit objectives

- Revise forms of transport, places and future plans
- Revise descriptions of people and clothes
- Revise opinions of food and clothes
- Order food in a cafe

Revision of key language

- Où vas-tu? Je vais au marché, au château, au supermarché, au jardin public, au centre sportif, à l'école, à la boulangerie, à la piscine, à la montagne, à la campagne
 Comment vas-tu? Je vais en bus, en voiture, en avion, en train, en métro, en bateau, à pied, à vélo
 Qu'est-ce que tu vas faire samedi? Je vais/On va... regarder un film, visiter un parc d'attractions, nager,
 - train, en metro, en bateau, a pied, a veio
 Qu'est-ce que tu vas faire samedi? Je vais/On va...
 regarder un film, visiter un parc d'attractions, nager,
 faire la fête, faire les manèges, prendre le train, prendre
 l'avion, acheter des souvenirs, faire du ski, faire du
 bateau, faire du sport, faire du vélo, voir mes grandsparents

- Il/Elle est [+nationality]. Il/Elle est (n'est pas) grand(e), petit(e), sympa, drôle, sportif/sportive, timide, beau/belle, sévère, intelligent(e). Il/Elle a les cheveux longs/courts et les yeux bleus/marron/verts. Il/Elle a... ans. Il/Elle porte un pantalon, un t-shirt, un chapeau, une veste, une jupe, une chemise, des chaussures [+ colour]
- J'aime, Je n'aime pas, J'adore, Je déteste... le chocolat chaud, le café, le jus de pomme, les croissants, les pains au chocolat, les céréales, les tartines, les frites, les gâteaux, les bonbons, les pommes, les carottes, les haricots, les sandwichs au poulet/au thon/au fromage/à la tomate, les glaces au chocolat/à l'orange/à la fraise/à la vanille.
 - C'est bien, cool, chouette, nul, fantastique, délicieux, beau/belle, moche, trop grand, trop petit, trop cher, bon, mauvais... pour la santé
- Qu'est-ce que tu veux/vous voulez manger/boire? Je voudrais un... s'il te plaît, s'il vous plaît. Merci. C'est combien? C'est... euros. Voilà... Merci, au revoir

Revision grammar and skills

- Prepositions: au/à la/à l' + places; en/à + means of transport
- Use je vais + infinitive to talk about future plans
- Revisit known language in a different context
- Use 3rd person verbs including avoir and être
- Use agreement of adjectives
- Use negatives
- Re-combine known language in different ways
- Express opinions in different ways
- Use plurals of food words
- Use reading strategies to cope with authentic texts
- Ask for things politely
- Present information on an aspect of French culture using song and sketches

Unit outcomes

Most children will be able to:

- Revise and re-use language met in previous units
- Describe someone in one or two sentences
- Express opinions
- Ask for food and drink in a café

Some children will also be able to:

- Re-combine known language in different ways
- Form sentences in the present and future tenses
- Use and apply grammar rules more confidently including negatives, prepositions and agreement of adjectives



Lesson summary

Context

Revising forms of transport, places, and immediate future plans

National criteria

KS2 Framework: **06.1**, **06.2**, **06.3**, **06.4**, **L6.1**, **L6.2**,

L6.3, L6.4, IU6.1, IU6.2, IU6.3

Attainment levels: AT1.2-4, AT2.2-4, AT3.4, AT4.3-4

Language ladder levels:

Listening: **Grades 2–4**; Speaking: **Grades 2–4**; Reading: **Grade 4**; Writing: **Grades 3–4**

Cross-curricular links

Geography, music, drama

Language structures and outcomes

Talking about forms of transport and immediate future (all revision)

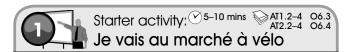
Où vas-tu? Je vais au marché, au château, au supermarché, au jardin public, au centre sportif, à l'école, à la boulangerie, à la piscine, à la montagne, à la campagne

Comment vas-tu? Je vais en bus, en voiture, en avion, en train, en métro, en bateau, à pied, à vélo

Qu'est-ce que tu vas faire samedi? Je vais/On va... regarder un film, visiter un parc d'attractions, nager, faire la fête, faire les manèges, prendre le train, prendre l'avion, acheter des souvenirs, faire du ski, faire du bateau, faire du sport, faire du vélo, voir mes grands-parents

General note for Unit 12

The aim of the unit is to revise language met so far in *Rigolo* and to see known language in new contexts, in different combinations and in longer texts. Throughout this unit, the outcome should be that pupils prepare for a final party, performance (of song) or event (see Project work in Lesson 4) or a combination of all of the above in a French day at school. Lesson 1 revises going to places, immediate future plans and forms of transport.



Materials

CD-ROM, whiteboard; Units 4 and Unit 10 Flashcards (Places in the town and Means of transport).

Description

A quick revision of transport and places using the Unit 10 Lesson 2 Presentation.

Delivery

- Invite pupils to the front to tap on the highlighted places on screen
- Pupils hear Gustave asking Jake where he is going and how he gets there.
- The class listens and repeats for each place/means of transport.

Extension

Use all relevant flashcards to extend the revision to all the vocabulary for means of transport and places.



Materials

CD-ROM, whiteboard.

Description

Watch and listen to this video story presenting the language for Lessons 1 and 2. You can pause and rewind the story at any point.

Delivery

• Play the video through without stopping and ask pupils to listen out for:

- a the different places around town
- **b** the different forms of transport
- c any cultural differences they can spot in the film.
- After viewing, go through the answers together. Ask pupils more detailed questions about the content of the film to check full comprehension.
- Replay the whole video without stopping for pupils to enjoy and check the points you have discussed together.

Extension

Focus on the language related to future plans. Ask pupils to see how many sentences about future plans they can remember.

Support

Work through the dialogue line by line after the initial viewing, asking questions to check comprehension.



Materials

CD-ROM, whiteboard; Units 5 and 10 Flashcards (Holiday destinations and Means of transport).

Description

Revision of future plans using the Unit 10 Lesson 3 Presentation.

Delivery

- Re-play the Unit 10 Presentation, to revise future plans using on va + infinitive.
- We hear Polly announcing plans for the day out and the whole class repeats each sentence.
- Continue for all six pictures and repeat if further practice is required. A longer text is gradually built up on screen.
- Remind the class that on is used when speaking to mean 'we', and je means 'I'. Remind pupils also that the structure $on \ va/je$ vais + another verb is used to say what we are planning to do.
- Hand out flashcards to pairs of pupils and individuals to elicit further sentences using *on va* or *je vais*.

Extension

Use flashcards from previous units to extend and practise the language covered there, e.g. Unit 5 Flashcards (Holiday activities). Prepare some short dialogues with the class using *je vais* + infinitive. More able pupils could then look at each line and suggest adapting one element to produce a new sentence, e.g. *On va aller* [au cinéma].



Materials

CD-ROM, whiteboard.

Description

Tap on *Allez*. Look at the pairs of pictures showing three different situations. Listen to the conversation and choose the correct pair of pictures.

Delivery

 The class will hear a conversation between Jake and Madame Chanson about Jake's plans (where he's going, how he's getting there and what he's going to do there). Pupils tap on the relevant pair of pictures.

Extension

Ask pupils to try to pick out any extra information they hear in the dialogues.

Support

Encourage less confident pupils to use the *Encore* button as much as necessary. Remind them that they don't need to understand everything that is said, just the key words. Look at the three pairs of pictures before listening and discuss what words they are likely to hear.



Worksheet 1 Parlez! may be used from this point onwards



Materials

CD-ROM, whiteboard; *Rigolo 1* Unit 11 and *Rigolo 2* Unit 10 Flashcards (Party activities and Holiday activities).

Description

Watch and listen to the interactive karaoke song practising revision of intentions with *on*. Choose either *Practice* or *Sing* mode: *Practice* to go through the song line by line; *Sing* to sing it all the way through. Switch the music and words on or off as you prefer.

Delivery

- Write the names Polly, Jake, Nathalie and Didier on the board.
- Ask pupils to listen to the song all the way through in *Sing* mode and note which activities each character will be doing at the party.
- Elicit answers from the class and note suggestions on the board under the relevant names (remember that *manger*, *chanter*, *boire* and *danser* will appear for all four characters).
- Ask pupils to make sentences about who is going to do what, using the different formats (which you can also write on the board): *Je vais... On va...* [Nathalie/Elle/Didier/Il] va...
- Play the song through in *Practice* mode, checking the answers on the board after pupils have sung each line.

• You can either play the song again, in *Sing* mode, for pupils to join in with the singing and actions, or organise a karaoke competition in teams.

Extension

Print out and cut up the lyrics. Ask pupils to recreate the song after listening to it all the way through. Pupils could also perform the song, changing the names to those of pupils in their class to personalise it, as part of the special French event or day (see Lesson 4 Project work).

Support

Use the activity flashcards to revise the language as necessary: hand out the flashcards and ask pupils to hold them up as they hear the activities in the song. Encourage pupils to memorise the song in groups and see who can remember it best.

Worksheet 2 *Grammaire* provides further exploitation of the song with a gapped text and may be used from this point onwards.



Materials

Units 4, 5 and 10 Flashcards (Places in the town, Holiday activities and Means of transport).

Description

Pupils recreate dialogues based on a model in the video.

Delivery

- Play the following video extract again, and write the dialogue on the board:
- Ou vas-tu?
- Je vais <u>au centre sportif</u>. Je vais <u>faire de la danse</u>.
- <u>Je n'aime pas la danse</u>. C'est <u>difficile</u>.
- Non, c'est très facile.
- Comment vas-tu <u>au centre sportif?</u>
- D'abord, je vais en bus. Ensuite, je vais à pied.
- Brainstorm other places they can go, things they can do and how to get there. Replace the underlined expressions in the dialogue, using the flashcards as prompts if needed.
- In pairs, ask pupils to do quick improvisations based loosely on this pattern.

Extension

Pupils try to include language they've learned previously.



Description

This worksheet provides further speaking practice in places and future plans. It may be used at any point after Activity 4.



Description

This provides further exploitation of the karaoke song with a gapped text and more creative writing. It may be used at any point after Activity 5.

Answers

1 1 va 2 on 3 va 4 faire 5 vais 6 écouter 7 regarder 8 faire



Lesson summary

Context

Revising descriptions of people and clothes

National criteria

KS2 Framework: O6.1, O6.3, O6.4, L6.1, L6.2, L6.3, L6.4, IU6.1, IU6.2

Attainment Levels: AT1.2–4, AT2.2–4, AT3.2–4, AT4.3–4 Language ladder levels:

Listening: Grades 2–4; Speaking: Grades 2–4; Reading: Grades 2–4; Writing: Grades 3–4

Cross-curricular links

Literacy, Food technology

Language structures and outcomes

Il/Elle est [+nationality]. Il/Elle est (n'est pas) grand(e), petit(e), sympa, drôle, sportif/sportive, timide, beau/belle, sévère, intelligent(e). Il/Elle a les cheveux longs/courts et les yeux bleus/marron/verts. Il/Elle a... ans. Il/Elle porte un pantalon, un t-shirt, un chapeau, une veste, une jupe, une chemise, des chaussures [+ colour]

General note

This lesson revises descriptions of people and clothes and use of the 3rd person. As with Lesson 1, concentrate on re-activating and consolidating previously learnt language and combining it in new ways. Build on pupils' increasing confidence by encouraging them to experiment with the language.



Starter activity: Elle est belle

Materials

Rigolo 1 Units 3 and 7, *Rigolo 2* Unit 1 Flashcards (Descriptions); magazine pictures of celebrities.

Description

A warm-up game to revise descriptions of people.

Delivery

Using the magazine pictures or pupils in the class as models, elicit as many descriptions as possible using the target language outlined above.

Extension

More confident pupils could work in pairs/small groups to write down as many sentences as possible about the 'model'. Focus their attention on the agreement of adjectives.

Support

If necessary, you could use any of the following presentations for further revision practice: *Rigolo 1* Unit 7 (Lessons 1, 3 or 4); *Rigolo 2* Unit 1 (Lesson 4) or Unit 8 (Lesson 3).



Materials

CD-ROM, whiteboard.

Description

Watch and listen again to this video story presenting the language for Lessons 1 and 2. You can pause and rewind the story at any point.

Delivery

- Tell pupils they will watch the video again and must listen out this time for the description of Romain.
- Elicit a full description and replay that extract again if necessary for pupils to check their answers.

Extension

Ask more confident pupils to describe Léa from the shots in the film.



Materials

CD-ROM, whiteboard; *Rigolo 1* Units 3 and 7, *Rigolo 2* Unit 1 Flashcards (Descriptions) for extension and support.

Description

Tap on the pictures to hear the descriptions.

Delivery

- This presentation revises age, nationality, details of eyes, hair, personality and clothes.
- Pupils first hear a sentence describing Polly and Olivier. When the next highlighted picture is tapped, the descriptive sentence is added to the previous text. Pause after each new line is added to the text and check understanding.
- Continue for all six pictures and repeat if further practice is required.

Extension

More confident pupils could talk about other *Rigolo* characters using flashcards or pictures on screen.

Support

Use flashcards to do further revision of descriptions if necessary, concentrating on age, nationality, and personality adjectives.



Materials

Rigolo 1 character flashcards.

Description

Pupils practise describing *Rigolo* characters in as much detail as possible.

Delivery

• Divide the class into two teams.

- Stick three of the character flashcards on the board. Ask: C'est qui? and begin to describe the characters sentence by sentence. Talk about age (il/elle a... ans), nationality (il/elle est francais(e), etc.), appearance/personality (il/elle est drole, etc.), clothes (il/elle porte une chemise bleue, etc.). By selecting characters of the same sex you can make the game more or less challenging!
- The first team to identify correctly the character described wins a point.
- Repeat with another three cards, and so on.

Extension

- To make the game more challenging, stick up four or five flashcards at a time. More confident pupils could call out the descriptions and the other team must guess the identity of the
- You could also describe teachers/other staff in your school, and pupils must identify them from your description.

Support

Reduce the number of characters to just two, to enable less confident pupils to participate.



Materials

CD-ROM, whiteboard.

Description

Drag the words at the bottom into the correct spaces.

Delivery

- Look at the gapped text with the class. Ask pupils if they can tell you what sort of words are missing from each space (verb? adjective? noun? pronoun?). Can they suggest some words that might fit?
- Pupils then drag the word tiles into the most appropriate place in the text. The resulting sentences describe Monsieur Chanson, Madame Chanson, and Nathalie.

Extension

- Divide the class into groups. Before doing the whiteboard activity, ask each group to write out their version of the three descriptions and check their answers as you go through the activity.
- After doing the drag and drop, more able pupils could write their own version, fitting other possible words into the gaps.

Support

- This can be done as a whole-class activity: the class suggests what the sentence should be (and discusses their choices if
- Give pupils just two possible alternatives for each space.

Worksheets 3 Lisez! and 4 Grammaire may be used from this point onwards.



Materials

Card, picture of Madame Moulin.

Description

An additional class activity to practise describing someone in detail.

Delivery

- Prepare a ('Wanted') poster of Madame Moulin, perhaps using a cut-out from her flashcard in Rigolo 1, Unit 1.
- Tell pupils Madame Moulin is wanted by the police for acts of sabotage against the Mills family. Brainstorm a detailed description of her with the whole class, and write the description (or ask a pupil to write it) on the board.

Extension

Pupils could make their own Recherché posters for other Rigolo characters.





L6.1 L6.2

Worksheet 3: Lisez!

Description

This worksheet provides practice in reading and understanding authentic texts. It may be used at any point after Activity 5.

Answers

- 2 1 les chaussures de tennis
 - 2 le pantalon bleu
 - 3 la belle jupe rose
 - 4 la veste noire
 - 5 la chemise rouge
 - 6 le t-shirt jaune



(V) 10 mins



Worksheet 4: Grammaire

Description

This provides further practice in 3rd person forms of avoir and être and agreement of adjectives. It may be used at any point after Activity 5.

Answers

1 1 a 2 est 3 grand 4 sportif 5 vert 6 a 7 est 8 petite 9 intelligente 10 belle



Lesson summary

Context

Revising opinions of food and clothes

National criteria

KS2 Framework: **06.1**, **06.3**, **06.4**, **L6.1**, **L6.2**, **L6.3**,

IU6.1, IU6.2

Attainment levels: AT1.2-4, AT2. 2-4; AT3.2-4

Language ladder levels:

Listening: Grades 2-4; Speaking: Grades 2-4;

Reading: Grades 2-4

Cross-curricular links

Food technology

Key vocabulary

Revision: J'aime, Je n'aime pas, J'adore, Je déteste... le chocolat chaud, le café, le jus de pomme, les croissants, les pains au chocolat, les céréales, les tartines, les frites, les gâteaux, les bonbons, les pommes, les carottes, les haricots, les sandwichs au poulet/au thon/au fromage/à la tomate, les glaces au chocolat/à l'orange/à la fraise/à la vanille. C'est bien, cool, chouette, nul, fantastique, délicieux, beau/belle, moche, trop grand, trop petit, trop cher, bon, mauvais... pour la santé

General note on Lesson 3

Lesson 3 revises different ways of expression opinions about food and clothes using either *j'aime*, *je n'ame pas*, *j'adore*, *je déteste* or *c'est* + adjectives. As with previous lesson, one of the main aims is to revise language and to combine known language in different context and in different combinations. We would like pupils to be adventurous in their use of known language and not just to use it in set phrases and in the context in which they originally learned it. Don't worry if pupils make some mistakes with their language. It's more important that they experiment and enjoy their language learning rather than achieving 100% accuracy.



Materials

Units 3 and 9 Flashcards (Food items).

Description

Quick revision of giving opinions about food.

Delivery

- Brainstorm and write on the board the various ways in which you can express likes/dislikes, i.e. *j'aime*, *je n'aime pas*, *j'adore*, *je déteste*.
- Brainstorm all ways in which pupils have learnt to express their opinions, and write them in positive/negative columns on the board:

Positive: C'est... bien, cool, chouette, fantastique, délicieux, beau, belle, bon ,bon pour la santé

Negative: C'est... nul, moche, trop grand, trop petit, trop cher, mauvais, mauvais pour la santé

- Hold up one of the food flashcards and ask: *Qu'est-ce que c'est? C'est... Ask: Tu aimes les...?* Pupils give their individual opinions.
- Then continue with the clothes. Pupils reply using *C'est* + an adjective (see the list of key language above)



Materials

CD-ROM, whiteboard.

Description

Watch and listen to this video story presenting the language for Lessons 3 and 4. You can pause and rewind the story at any point.

Delivery

- Ask pupils to summarise what happened in the first part of this video. Tell the class that Lucas and Thomas are going in to the café owned by Chloé's family, and that she is helping out there today.
- Write the names Lucas and Thomas in two columns. Ask pupils to note what food each boy eats, and any opinions they express about food.
- Play the video through then complete the table on the board together.

Support

Pause the video during the first viewing and elicit answers as you go along.



Materials

CD-ROM, whiteboard.

Description

Revision of opinions about clothes using the Unit 8 Lesson 2 Presentation.

Delivery

- Invite pupils to tap first on Olivier, then on Didier, who is trying on t-shirts. He appears from behind the curtain and describes the t-shirt, in response to Olivier's question.
- Pupils listen to and repeat the question, then do the same for the answer.

Extension

Bring in a selection of catalogues/magazines featuring clothes for men and women, and older children/teenagers if possible. Ask pupils to work in groups and to comment on several items of clothing using the target structures and vocabulary.



Materials

CD-ROM, whiteboard.

Description

Tap on Allez. Look at the three pictures and listen to the conversation between Jake and Polly. Select the picture that best matches their conversation.

Delivery

- This provides practice in listening to longer exchanges and asking pupils to pick out key words and phrases. Pupils select the picture which best matches the conversation.
- By dividing the class into two groups you could make this into a team game, awarding a point for each correct answer.

Extension

Ask pupils to listen for any extra details they can understand.

Focus pupils' attention first on the pictures and ask them to predict what they are going to hear.



Materials

Worksheet 5 Lisez!; French-English dictionaries.

Description

Pupils extract information from an authentic menu.

Delivery

- This worksheet provides further practice in reading authentic texts and helps pupils to develop reading strategies.
- Focus pupils' attention on the menu: ask them to identify the three sections and ask how much a few individual items cost.
- Allow pupils a few minutes to complete the answers to each activity, in pairs or individually. If available, allow pupils to check unknown words in a dictionary.
- At the end of Activity 2, take a few minutes to go through the menu in detail. Ask pupils to imagine they are on holiday in France with someone who doesn't understand any French and they must translate the menu for them.

Extension

In groups, pupils could devise their own menu.

Language learning strategies

Reading strategies

When dealing with authentic texts, discuss various strategies with your pupils and apply them to the menu:

- Skim though and say what type of reading text this is: is it a newspaper article, a diary, a story, a menu?
- Scan the text and see if they understand anything at all. From what they do understand, what can they tell you about the text?
- Deduce any more words because they look like English words, or from the context in which an unknown word is used.
- Use the French–English part of a dictionary to look up words they feel are important but can't guess. Allow them to look up a maximum of 10 words; they must choose which words to look up.
- Go back and read the text again. How much more do they understand?



Materials

Real food and drink items if possible (see food list in the lesson summary above); otherwise food and drink flashcards or plastic play food; possibly blindfold.

Description

Pupils taste and/or describe food items.

Delivery

- Bring in as many items of food and drink that we have covered in Rigolo for pupils to taste and comment on.
- Place the items on a table and ask pupils to gather round. Go through the items one by one, asking Qu'est-ce que c'est? to elicit the words.
- Ask for a volunteer to taste an item and give their opinion. If possible, you could blindfold the pupil so that they must first identify the food or drink item, then give their opinion.
- Repeat with as many items and pupils as feasible.
- If real food/drink isn't available, you could use plastic play food (blindfolded pupils feel and guess what the food is and say what they think of it) or flashcards (one pupil describes an item, another must identify the correct card and give their opinion).



Worksheet 5: Lisez!

AT3.4 L6.1 10 mins IU6.1 L6.2 IU6.2

Description

This worksheet provides further practice in reading authentic texts and discussing reading strategies (see Activity 5 notes above).

Answers

- 1 fromage
 - 2 thon
 - 3 frites
 - 4 poulet
 - 5 gâteau au chocolat
 - 6 glace à la vanille
 - glace à la fraise
 - jus d'orange
 - jus de pomme
 - 10 chocolat chaud
- 1 le sandwich poulet
 - 2 la pizza maison
 - 3 le gâteau du jour
 - 4 la coupe Marcel
 - 5 le sandwich Marcel



(V) 10 mins



used at any point after Activity 5.

Description This provides further practice in asking and answering questions about school, clothes, food and sports. It may be

Worksheet 6: Parlez!



Lesson summary

Context

Ordering food in a café

National criteria

KS2 Framework: **06.1**, **06.2**, **06.3**, **06.4**, **L6.1**, **L6.2**, **L6.3**, **L6.4**, **IU6.1**, **IU6.2**, **IU6.3**

Attainment levels: AT1.3-4, AT2.3-4; AT3.4, AT4.4

Language ladder levels:

Listening: Grades 3-4; Speaking: Grades 3-4;

Reading: Grade 4; Writing: Grade 4

Cross-curricular links

Geography, FT, Drama, ICT, Art and design

Language structures and outcomes

Qu'est-ce que tu veux/vous voulez manger/boire? Je voudrais un... s'il te plaît, s'il vous plaît. Merci. C'est combien? C'est... euros. Voilà... Merci, au revoir

General notes on Lesson 4

This lesson focuses on ordering food in a café so that pupils can set up their own café for their end-of-term event and serve other pupils/teachers/parents. Encourage them to learn the part of the customer and the waiter.



Materials

CD-ROM, whiteboard.

Description

Revision of asking politely for things using the Unit 10 Lesson 4 Presentation.

Delivery

- Invite pupils to tap on the highlighted pictures. The whole class listens to and repeats both question and answer as a quick revision activity.
- After re-playing the presentation, ask pupils what the French is for 'please', 'thank you', 'I would like', 'how much is it?', 'hello' and 'goodbye'.

Extension

Invite pairs of pupils to the front so they can repeat and act out the dialogues after each scene.

Support

- First revise numbers if necessary.
- Practise the dialogues chorally after each scene until pupils are more familiar with the language and intonation.



Materials

CD-ROM, whiteboard.

Description

Watch and listen again to this video story presenting the language for Lessons 3 and 4. You can pause and rewind the story at any point.

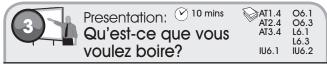
Delivery

- Ask pupils this time to listen out in particular for the language used to order and pay for food. Write the key expressions on the board as pupils suggest them.
- Go through the language used by Chloé to ask what the customers want to order, and to give the price at the end. Again, write pupils' suggestions on the board.

- Ask pupils to tell you if they can see any cultural differences between British and French cafés.
- If time allows, play the video through one more time for pupils to double-check their answers/observations.

Support

During the first viewing pause the video after each line and repeat chorally what is said.



Materials

CD-ROM, whiteboard.

Description

Tap on the pictures to hear the dialogue.

Delivery

- Divide the class into two groups. Group A repeats Gustave's sentence; Group B repeats Madame Moulin's sentence.
- Go through all the pictures, then repeat the activity. This time, Group A repeats after Madame Moulin and Group B repeats after Gustave.
- After the last speaker, the whole conversation appears on screen. Use it to practise the complete series of dialogues.

Extension

Invite pairs of pupils to the front so they can repeat and act out the dialogues after each scene. Ask for volunteers to perform the whole conversation at the end.

Support

Practise the dialogues chorally after each scene until pupils are more familiar with the language and intonation.



Materials

CD-ROM, whiteboard

Description

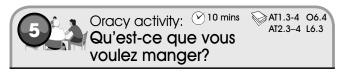
Tap on Allez. Drag the words into the correct order.

Delivery

- Pupils look at the pictures and drag the word tiles into the correct order.
- When they are satisfied with their sentence, pupils tap on *Fini*. There is a reward animation for a correct answer; otherwise the Virtual Teacher invites them to try again.

Support

Read through the completed dialogue together at the end of the activity. Half the class reads Polly's lines and the other half read Bof's.



Materials

Food and drink flashcards (see above) or plastic/play food; pre-prepared euro money cards.

Description

Pupils re-enact the dialogue from Activity 4 (see above).

Delivery

- Display the final dialogue from Activity 4 and invite two pupils to the front to act out the scenes using props.
- Ask the class to make suggestions as to how the dialogue could be changed, e.g. different food and drink items, prices. Experiment with some of the suggestions, inviting more pupils to act out the amended dialogues at the front.

Extension

Allow pupils to work in small groups and make up their own dialogues.

Worksheets 7 Écrivez! and 8 Lisez! may be used from this point onwards.



Materials

Worksheet 7 Écrivez!; food and drink flashcards or plastic/play food; pre-prepared euro money cards.

Description

Pupils perform short dialogues based on those they have adapted in Worksheet 7 *Écrivez!*

Delivery

- Read through the dialogue on the worksheet together.
- Adapt the first couple of lines as a whole-class activity if necessary, then allow up to five minutes for pupils to complete the adaptation in pairs.

- Move around the class to monitor and help the children act out the conversation. Encourage them to learn their lines by heart.
- Invite pairs to the front to perform the role play using props to the rest of the class.

Extension

Encourage more able pupils to use language from other units too.

Support

With your help, pupils could adapt the dialogues in groups rather than pairs.



Description

Pupils adapt and perform dialogues about ordering food and drink in a café (see Activity 6 above).



Description

This worksheet provides further practice in reading longer texts and acting out scenes. It may be used at any point after Activity 5.

Answers

2 circled in black un sandwich au thon, une pizza, des carottes

circled in red je n'aime pas (la pizza), je déteste ça, c'est trop cher

circled in blue soixante-dix



Intercultural understanding

Use the project work suggestion below to give pupils opportunities to present information about any aspect of French culture. It may be that they can set up a café just for their own class, or perform a song for another class, or on a larger scale set up a more adventurous café for parents and teachers. By setting up a French café, they can show others what sort of things they would see on a menu, what currency would be used, what drinks/food they could order and how French people would ask for things in a café. They can perform songs and sketches and also possibly use ICT to prepare menus for the tables.